Section 1 – Material Identification and Use

Material Name: CONDENSATE (SWEET >1% BENZENE)
Use: Process stream, fuels production
WHMIS Classification: Class B, Div. 2; Class D, Div. 2, Sub-Div. A and B
TDG: UN: 1268 Class: 3 Packing Group: II (Boiling Point >35°C)
Shipping Name: PETROLEUM PRODUCTS, N.O.S.
Chemical Family: C5+ aliphatic and aromatic hydrocarbons.

Section 2 – Hazardous Ingredients of Materials

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Hazardous Ingredients</th>
<th>Approximate Concentrations %</th>
<th>C.A.S. Nos.</th>
<th>LD50/LC50 Specify Species &amp; Route</th>
<th>Exposure Limits</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Natural Gas Condensates</td>
<td>100</td>
<td>68919-39-1</td>
<td>LC50, rat, &gt;5610 mg/m3</td>
<td>300 &amp; 500 ppm (STEL) (AB, TLV &amp; BC)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>n-Hexane</td>
<td>1-10</td>
<td>110-54-3</td>
<td>LD50, rat, oral, 28.7 g/kg</td>
<td>50 ppm/ 20 ppm (AB &amp; TLV/ BC)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Toluene</td>
<td>1-5</td>
<td>108-88-3</td>
<td>LC50, rat, 4 hrs, 49000 mg/m3</td>
<td>50 ppm/ 20 ppm (AB/ TLV &amp; BC)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Benzene</td>
<td>&gt;1-&lt;6</td>
<td>71-43-2</td>
<td>LD50, rat, oral, 930 mg/kg</td>
<td>0.5 &amp; 2.5 ppm (STEL) (AB, TLV &amp; BC)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Butane</td>
<td>1-10</td>
<td>106-97-8</td>
<td>LC50, rat, 4 hrs, 13200 ppm</td>
<td>1000/ 600 (750) ppm (AB &amp; TLV/ BC (STEL))</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

All exposure levels are 8-hour time-weighted exposure limits unless otherwise indicated. STEL is a short-term exposure limit over a 15 minute time-weighted average. Gasoline exposure levels presented for Natural Gas Condensates.

Section 3 – Physical Data for Material

Physical State: Liquid
Vapour Pressure (mmHg): 600 - 830 @ 20 deg. C.
Specific Gravity: 0.6-0.75
Odour Threshold (ppm): N.Av.
Vapour Density (air=1): 2.5-3.0
Evaporation Rate: N.Av.
Percent Volatiles, by volume: 100
Boiling Pt. (deg.C): See Section 1.0
pH: N.Av.
Freezing Pt. (deg.C): -129 to -60
Coefficient of Water/Oil Distribution: <0.1
Odour & Appearance: colorless/straw coloured liquid, hydrocarbon odour
(N.Av. = not available N.App. = not applicable)

Section 4 – Fire and Explosion

Flammability: Yes Conditions: Product will ignite at normal temperatures.
Means of Extinction: Foam, CO2, dry chemical. Explosive accumulations can build up in areas of poor ventilation.
Special Procedures: Use water spray to cool fire-exposed containers, and to disperse vapors if spill has not ignited. If safe, cut off fuel and allow flame to burn out.
Flash Point (deg.C): <-40 (TCC)
Upper Explosive Limit (% by vol.): 8.4 Sensitivity to Impact: No
Lower Explosive Limit (% by vol.): 1.2 Sensitivity to Static Discharge: Yes, may ignite
Auto-Ignition Temp. (deg.C): 223 TDG Flammability Classification: 3
Hazardous Combustion Products: Carbon monoxide and carbon dioxide

Section 5 – Reactivity Data

Chemical Stability: Yes Conditions: Heat
Incompatibility: Yes Substances: Oxidizing agents (e.g. chlorine)
Reactivity: Yes Conditions: Heat, strong sunlight
Hazardous Decomposition Products: Carbon monoxide and carbon dioxide
Section 6 – Toxicological Properties of Product

Routes of Entry:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Skin Absorption</th>
<th>Skin Contact: Yes (liquid)</th>
<th>Eye Contact: Yes</th>
<th>Ingestion: Yes</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>

Inhalation:

- Acute: Yes
- Chronic: Yes

Effects of Acute Exposure: Vapour may cause irritation of eyes, nose and throat, dizziness and drowsiness. Contact with skin may cause irritation and possibly dermatitis. Absorbed through intact skin. Contact of liquid with eyes may cause severe irritation and possible damage.

Effects of Chronic Exposure: Due to presence of benzene and n-hexane, long term or high dose rate exposures may increase the risk of anemia, leukemia and nervous system damage. Due to the presence of toluene, long term exposure may increase the risk of hearing loss (ototoxic).

Sensitization to Product: No.

Irritancy: Yes

Synergistic Materials: None reported

Carcinogenicity: Yes

Reproductive Effects: Possibly

Teratogenicity: Possibly

Mutagenicity: Possibly

Section 7 – Preventative Measures

Personal Protective Equipment: Use a NIOSH-approved positive pressure self-contained breathing apparatus, supplied air breathing apparatus or cartridge air purifying respirator approved for organic vapours when concentrations may exceed exposure limits. A cartridge respirator is not suitable for oxygen deficiency or IDLH situations. Use approved gas detectors; however, note that combustible gas detection will likely not offer warning against overexposure to this product.

Gloves: Viton for full hand immersion, nitrile adequate for incidental contact.

Respiratory: SCBA, SABA or cartridge APR

Eye: Splash Goggles

Footwear: Covered footwear such as steel-toed boots.

Clothing: Fire retardant garments that meet NFPA 2112.

Engineering Controls: Use only in well ventilated areas. Mechanical ventilation required in confined areas. Equipment must be explosion proof.

Leaks & Spills: Stop leak if safe to do so. Use appropriate personal protective equipment. Use water spray to cool containers. Remove all ignition sources. Provide explosion-proof clearing ventilation, if possible. Prevent from entering confined spaces. Dyke and pump into containers for recycling or disposal. Notify appropriate regulatory authorities.

Waste Disposal: Contact regulatory authorities for disposal requirements.

Handling Procedures & Equipment: Avoid contact with liquid. Avoid inhalation. Bond and ground all transfers. Avoid sparking conditions. Examples of when concentrations may exceed exposure limits, but not limited to, include handling product in reduced ventilation environments like indoor settings, when face is in close proximity to source (<2 feet) or when quantities such as gallons or more of product are in use in well ventilated outdoor environments. Higher benzene content dictates a proportionally lower handling volume. These examples are for general guidance only to brief task-based exposures in relation to the benzene STEL and are not a replacement for proper risk assessment that includes industrial hygiene monitoring. Industrial hygiene monitoring such as that detailed in NIOSH Methodology 1501 is required when handling or working near this product.

Storage Requirements: Store in a cool, dry, well ventilated area away from heat, strong sunlight, and ignition sources.

Special Shipping Information: N.App.

Section 8 – First aid Measures

Skin: Flush skin with water, removing contaminated clothing. Get medical attention if irritation persists or large area of contact. Decontaminate clothing before re-use.

Eye: Immediately flush with large amounts of luke warm water for 15 minutes, lifting upper and lower lids at intervals. Seek medical attention if irritation persists.

Inhalation: Ensure own safety. Remove victim to fresh air. Give oxygen, artificial respiration, or CPR if needed. Seek medical attention immediately.

Ingestion: Give 2-3 glasses of milk or water to drink. DO NOT INDUCE VOMITING. Keep warm and at rest. Get immediate medical attention.

Section 9 – Preparation Date of MSDS

Prepared By: Encana Environment, Health and Safety (EH&S)
Phone Number: (403) 645-2000
Preparation Date: July 1, 2014
Expire Date: July 1, 2017